

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF
INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Buttermilk Metropolitan District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Buttermilk Metropolitan District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Buttermilk Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the



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override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and general fund budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule for the proprietary fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part



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of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule for the proprietary fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of assessed valuation, mill levy and property taxes collected, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C.

Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C.

July 31, 2023

**BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

The Buttermilk Metropolitan District (the “District”) was approved by voters on November 7, 2000, and formally organized by judicial decree on August 23, 2001 for the purpose of providing certain public infrastructure and municipal services for the benefit of the residents and property owners within the District. The District is located within Pitkin County, Colorado. The District serves the West Buttermilk Subdivision and Pfister tracts, which are both adjacent to the Buttermilk Ski Area, as well as the East Owl Creek Ranch and Owl Creek Ranch subdivisions. These areas include a mix of existing homes and vacant lots.

The management’s discussion and analysis of the Buttermilk Metropolitan District’s financial performance provides an overview of the District’s financial activities for the year ending December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District’s financial performance as a whole; it should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the auditor’s notes to enhance the reader’s understanding of the District’s overall financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- In total, the District’s overall net position increased by \$326,163, or 8.82% higher than the prior fiscal year. The Statement of Net Position can be found on page 11 of this report, and the Change in Net Position from 2021 to 2022 can be seen in the Statement of Activities on page 12.
- Total revenues increased by \$24,264 or 3.04%, from the prior fiscal year. This is primarily due to an increase in property tax revenue from increased property values while decreasing the water and road mill levies. The summarized Statement of Activities can be found on page 12 of the financial statements.
- Overall expenses in 2022 increased by \$23,662 or 3.355%, compared to 2021. This is primarily due to the net effect of an increase in purchased water and road snow removal outside contractor expense.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – *management’s discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements*, and *supplementary information*. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District’s *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District government, reporting the District’s operations *in more detail* than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include *notes* (beginning on page 19) that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by *supplementary information* (page 30) that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Additional other information (page 31) has also been included to enhance the reader’s understanding of the financial statements.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information about the District as a whole and include *all* assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All the current year's revenues and expenses are considered regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in them. The District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – are one way to measure the District's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the infrastructure, are needed to assess the overall health of the District.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two kinds of activities:

- *Governmental activities* – The activity of the District's Road Fund is reported here, including interest and principal paid on outstanding bonds. Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and interest income finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities* – The activity of the District's Water Enterprise is reported here, including interest and principal paid on outstanding bonds. Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, water usage charges, and interest income finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant funds – not the District as a whole. The District's funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

Governmental fund – The General (Road) Fund's activity is reported as a governmental fund, which focuses on how money flows into and out of this fund, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. A description of the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is provided in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements (see pages 12 and 14).

Proprietary funds – When the Enterprise (Water) Fund charges users for the services it provides, these services are reported in the proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise fund is the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the District as a whole. Both the governmental activities (Road Fund) and the business-type activities (Water Fund) are presented, along with a total of the two, which represents the total primary government. Following is a summary of the District's net position for the fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021.

<i>IN THOUSANDS</i>	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
ASSETS:						
Current & Other Assets	\$ 584	\$ 500	\$ 1,347	\$ 1,054	\$ 1,931	\$ 1,554
Capital Assets, Net	599	570	2,330	2,417	2,929	2,987
Total Assets	<u>1,183</u>	<u>1,070</u>	<u>3,677</u>	<u>3,471</u>	<u>4,860</u>	<u>4,541</u>
LIABILITIES:						
Current & Other Liabilities	-	-	67	74	67	74
Long-term Debt - Current	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term Debt - Non-current	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>74</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Property Taxes	297	297	472	472	769	769
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	599	570	2,330	2,417	2,929	2,987
Restricted for Emergencies	7	7	6	6	13	13
Unrestricted	280	196	802	502	1,082	698
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 886</u>	<u>\$ 773</u>	<u>\$ 3,138</u>	<u>\$ 2,925</u>	<u>\$ 4,024</u>	<u>\$ 3,698</u>

Total Assets increased by \$319,149 from 2021 to 2022 or 7.3%, primarily due to increases in capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization.

Total Liabilities decreased by \$7,000 from 2021 to 2022, primarily due to decreases in operating payables.

Deferred Inflows of Resources decreased by \$14 from 2021 to 2022 (property taxes assessed, which are expected to be received in 2022).

**BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

Total Net Position for the District reflects an overall increase of approximately \$326,163 or 8.82% from 2021 to 2022. This is due to a \$112,893 increase in net position in Governmental Activities (Road Fund) and \$213,270 increase in net position in the Business-type Activities (Water Fund). The amount reported as *Net Investment in Capital Assets* is computed by adding Capital Asset costs (net of depreciation and amortization) and subtracting the outstanding bonds that were used to purchase the capital improvements.

Statement of Activities

The perspective of the Statement of Activities is of the District as a whole. The Statement of Activities reflects general property taxes and service revenues, and the cost of providing services to the District. The following summary reflects the overall change in net position for the fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 210	\$ 239	\$ 210	\$ 239
307	306	488	487	795	793
7	5	19	1	26	6
<u>314</u>	<u>311</u>	<u>717</u>	<u>727</u>	<u>1,031</u>	<u>1,038</u>
201	174	-	-	201	174
-	-	504	525	504	525
<u>201</u>	<u>171</u>	<u>504</u>	<u>525</u>	<u>705</u>	<u>696</u>
<u>\$ 113</u>	<u>\$ 140</u>	<u>\$ 213</u>	<u>\$ 202</u>	<u>\$ 326</u>	<u>\$ 342</u>

Overall revenues increased by approximately \$24,264 or 3.04%, from 2021 to 2022. This is primarily due to an increase in interest income over prior year.

Overall expenses in 2022 increased by approximately \$23,662 or 3.35% compared to 2021. This is primarily due to the net effect of an increase in water augmentation expense in the business-type activities (Water Fund) due to increased utilization, and a increase in snow removal expense over prior year.

Governmental Activities

The operation of the Road Fund is defined as the governmental activity of the District. The focus of the District's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The dependence on taxes and other general revenues to fund current program costs is apparent from the foregoing table. The residential community, as a whole, is the primary support for the District's governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities

The operations of the Water Fund are defined as the business-type activity of the District. Operations are supported by property taxes, water fees for usage, and other general revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental (Road) Fund *(see pages 6, 13, & 15 of this report for the following analysis)*

Gross General Fund (Road Fund) revenues were \$314,386 in 2022, which reflects \$307,088 from property taxes and specific ownership taxes net of property tax abatements.

For the following comparison between 2021 and 2022, see specifically pages 14 of this report. General Fund (Road Fund) expenditures of \$229,711 in 2022 reflect an increase of \$3,536 over the 2021 total expenditures of \$226,175. As of the end of 2022, the District's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$287,741, reflecting an increase of \$84,675 or 4.17%, over the 2021 fund balance. This increase in the fund balance is a result from realizing more revenues than expenditures in 2022. The ending fund balance of \$287,741, (shown on page 14) is the amount of net resources available for future spending in the Road (Governmental) Fund.

Proprietary (Water) Fund *(see pages 6, 16, 17, 18, & 31 of this report for the following analysis)*

The ending net position of the Proprietary (Water) Fund increased to \$3,137,981 from \$2,924,711 (for a total increase of \$213,270) during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, primarily due to total liabilities decreasing by \$7,000 and total assets increased \$206,256, plus the decrease in deferred inflows of \$14 accounts for the net increase in Net Position of \$213,270.

For the following comparison between 2021 and 2022, see specifically pages 6 and 17 of this report. In the Proprietary Fund, total operating revenues from water usage charges were \$209,164, a decrease of \$29,945 compared to 2021. This is due to decreased usage from prior year. Non-operating revenues, consisting of property and specific ownership taxes, and interest income increased by \$20,603 from \$487,424 in 2021 to \$508,027 in 2022 mostly due to an increase of interest rates.

The Proprietary Fund's operating expenses (excluding depreciation, amortization, bad debt, and capital outlay) totaled \$369,471 in 2022, reflecting decrease of \$22,921 or 5.84% under 2021, primarily due to decreases in the costs associated with operations and maintenance. The Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows (page 18) indicates an ending cash balance of \$867,248 is available for future spending in the Proprietary (Water) Fund.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

BUDGET VARIANCES

Governmental (Road) Fund

Total revenues in the Road Fund are over budgeted by \$4,967 primarily due to more specific ownership taxes collected and more interest earned than budgeted. Total expenditures in 2022 were \$229,711 and over budget by 33.43% or \$57,561, with budget overages in repairs and maintenance and capital outlay categories. A budget-to-actual statement for the General Fund can be found on page 29 of this report.

Proprietary (Water) Fund

Water service charges (revenues) totaled \$209,548 or 9.5% less than budgeted, due to an decrease in water usage and getting more than average snowfall. Non-operating revenues (consisting of property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and interest income) are more than budget by \$23,453 primarily due to a increase in interest income. Overall, Proprietary Fund revenues – operating plus non-operating – came in over budget expectations by \$1,400 or .19%. Operating and non-operating expenses, as a whole, came in under budget by \$107,657 or 20.5%. Budget variances occurred in management, accounting and auditing, and miscellaneous expenses. Budget savings were realized in the areas of operations and maintenance, legal, insurance, engineering, miscellaneous, contingency, and capital outlay. A summary of budget to actual expenses for the Proprietary Fund can be found on page 30 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's net capital assets decreased by \$86,536 in business-type activities (water system) and increased by \$28,218 in governmental activities (road system). The decrease in the business-type activities (water system) were due to more current-year depreciation than capital additions for 2022. The increase in governmental activities (road system) were due to less current-year depreciation than capital additions for 2022. Additional information as well as detailed classification of the District's net capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 26 of this report.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, customers, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, please contact the:

Buttermilk Metropolitan District Manager
c/o The Romero Group, LLC
350 Market Street, Suite 304, PO Box 4100
Basalt, CO 81621-4100
Telephone: (970) 273-3100
Fax: (970) 797-1851

Buttermilk Metropolitan District
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 274,215	\$ 867,248	\$ 1,141,463
Receivables			
Accounts receivable	697	8,101	8,798
Property taxes	296,508	472,136	768,644
Prepaid expenses	12,829	-	12,829
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)			
Capital assets	598,616	2,329,882	2,928,498
Total Assets	<u>1,182,865</u>	<u>3,677,367</u>	<u>4,860,232</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	-	67,250	67,250
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>67,250</u>	<u>67,250</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes	296,508	472,136	768,644
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>296,508</u>	<u>472,136</u>	<u>768,644</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	598,616	2,329,882	2,928,498
Restricted for emergencies	7,094	6,288	13,382
Unrestricted	280,647	801,811	1,082,458
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 886,357</u>	<u>\$ 3,137,981</u>	<u>\$ 4,024,338</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2022

Function/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Operating		Capital	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
		Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions			
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 201,493	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (201,493)	\$ -	\$ (201,493)
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	201,493	-	-	-	(201,493)	-	(201,493)
Business-type activities:							
Water	504,305	209,548	-	-	-	(294,757)	(294,757)
Total business-type activities	504,305	209,548	-	-	-	(294,757)	(294,757)
Total	\$ 705,798	\$ 209,548	\$ -	\$ -	(201,493)	(294,757)	(496,250)
General revenues:							
Property taxes					307,088	488,628	795,716
Interest earnings					2,298	19,399	21,697
Miscellaneous					5,000	-	5,000
Total general revenues					314,386	508,027	822,413
Change in net position					112,893	213,270	326,163
Net position - beginning					773,464	2,924,711	3,698,175
Net position - ending					\$ 886,357	\$ 3,137,981	\$ 4,024,338

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2022

	General	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 274,215	\$ 274,215
Receivables		
Accounts receivable	697	697
Property taxes	296,508	296,508
Prepaid expenses	12,829	12,829
Total Assets	584,249	584,249
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property taxes	296,508	296,508
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	296,508	296,508
FUND EQUITY		
Nonspendable	12,829	12,829
Restricted for emergencies	7,094	7,094
Unassigned	267,818	267,818
Total Fund Equity	\$ 287,741	\$ 287,741
Fund equity (as reported above)		\$ 287,741
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund.		598,617
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 886,358

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2022

	General	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 307,088	\$ 307,088
Interest	2,298	2,298
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000
Total revenues	314,386	314,386
Expenditures		
General government	168,568	168,568
Capital outlay	61,143	61,143
Total expenditures	229,711	229,711
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	84,675	84,675
Fund Balance - beginning	203,066	203,066
Fund Balance - ending	<u>\$ 287,741</u>	<u>\$ 287,741</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different
because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 84,675
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Governmental funds do not report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount by which current year capitalized capital outlay was less than current year depreciation. (\$60,353-\$32,136)	<u>28,218</u>
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Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 112,893</u></u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

December 31, 2022

ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$	867,248	
Receivables			
Accounts receivable		8,101	
Property taxes		472,136	
	Total current assets		<u>1,347,485</u>
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, net of depreciation		2,329,882	
	Total assets		<u>3,677,367</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		67,250	
	Total current liabilities		<u>67,250</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes		472,136	
	Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>472,136</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		2,329,882	
Restricted for emergencies		6,288	
Unrestricted		801,811	
	Total net position	\$	<u><u>3,137,981</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues	
Water service charges	\$ 209,164
Miscellaneous income	384
Total operating revenues	209,548
Operating expenses	
Operations and maintenance	297,297
Depreciation and amortization	111,184
Management fees	32,662
Accounting	22,671
Legal fees	902
Insurance	8,393
Miscellaneous epxnese	7,546
Total operating expenses	480,655
Operating income (loss)	(271,107)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
Taxes	488,628
Interest income	19,399
Treasurer fees	(23,650)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	484,377
Income (loss) before contributions	213,270
Change in net position	213,270
Net position - beginning	2,924,711
Net position - ending	\$ 3,137,981

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 211,410
Cash paid to suppliers	(368,511)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(157,101)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	
Property taxes	488,628
Treasurer fees	(23,650)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	464,978
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Purchase of capital assets	(24,648)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(24,648)
Cash flow from investing activities	
Investment income received	19,399
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	19,399
Net increase (decrease) in cash	302,628
Cash - beginning	564,620
Cash - ending	\$ 867,248
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (271,107)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	111,184
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	1,862
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	7,960
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(7,000)
Total adjustments	114,006
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (157,101)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Organization

The Buttermilk Metropolitan District (the “District”) was approved by voters on November 7, 2000, and formally organized by judicial decree on August 23, 2001. The District is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado organized pursuant to the requirements of the Special District Act. The District was formed to provide certain public infrastructure and municipal services for the benefit of the residents and property owners within the District. The District is located within Pitkin County, Colorado. The District serves the West Buttermilk Subdivision, Eagle Pines, and the Pfister tracts, which are adjacent to the Buttermilk Ski Area, as well as East Owl Creek Ranch and Owl Creek Ranch. These areas include a mix of existing homes and vacant lots. The governing body of the District is elected by the registered voters within the District and consists of a five-member board of directors. The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District’s accounting policies are described below.

2. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

3. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Currently, the District has governmental and business-type activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, deferred outflows of resources, and receivables as well as long-term debts, deferred inflows of resources, and obligations. The District's net position is reported as net investment in capital assets; restricted for emergencies; and, unrestricted.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

4. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The District currently has one General Fund, which is a governmental fund, and one Water Fund, which is a proprietary fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference among governmental fund assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Colorado and the bylaws of the District.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund – The Enterprise Fund accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner where the intent of the District is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the District has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Operating revenues and expenses for enterprise funds are those that result from providing services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

5. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Long-Term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. “Available” means collectible within the current period or within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications—committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized in the proprietary fund type. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense and expenditures for property and equipment are shown as increases in assets.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In the fall of each year, the District’s Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The budget for the governmental fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). The budget for the proprietary fund is adopted on the budgetary basis of accounting, which differs from the GAAP basis in that depreciation and amortization are excluded from expenditures, and outlays for the acquisition of capital assets and debt service principal are included as expenditures.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

As required by Colorado statutes, the District followed the timetable below in approving and enacting the budgets for the ensuing year:

- (1) For the 2022 budget year, prior to August 25, 2021, the County Assessor sent the District the assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District's boundaries.
- (2) On or before October 15, 2021, the District's accountant submitted to the District's Board of Directors a recommended budget which detailed the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the District's operating requirements.
- (3) The Board held a public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.
- (4) For the 2022 budget, prior to December 15, 2021, the District computed and certified to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that derived the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- (5) For the 2022 budget, the final budget and appropriating resolution was adopted prior to December 31, 2021.
- (6) After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) it may transfer appropriated monies between funds or between spending agencies within a fund, as determined by the original appropriation level; b) supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of those estimated in the budget; c) emergency appropriations; and d) reduction of appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

The District had no supplemental appropriations for 2022.

The level of control in the budget at which expenditures exceed appropriations is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. The District's capitalization policy is \$5,000.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives, as follows:

	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Road system	10 to 40 years
Water system	5 to 40 years

9. Property Taxes

Property taxes for 2022, collectible in 2023, were certified by the Pitkin County Commissioners before December 31, 2022. Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2023 and are due in total April 30, 2023 or in equal installments February 28, 2023 and June 15, 2023, at the option of the taxpayer. Property taxes for 2022, collectible in 2023, are shown as property taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position in the amount of the assessed taxes. The County Treasurer remits taxes collected monthly to the District.

10. Accounts Receivable

The District considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

11. Organization Costs

Organization costs are amortized using the straight-line method over 15 years.

12. Fund Equity

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. In the fund financial statements classifications on the following page describe the relative strength of the spending constraints.

- *Non-spendable fund balance* - The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted fund balance* - The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed fund balance* - The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- *Assigned fund balance* - The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. The intended use may be expressed by the Board or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balances in special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not restricted or committed. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum intended to be used for the purpose of that particular fund.
- *Unassigned fund balance* - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The District will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position as "Equity in pooled cash and investments."

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's cash deposits was \$42,256 and the bank balance was \$34,222. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

Statutes require that any public depository which accepts and holds public funds maintain, as security for public deposits accepted and held by it, not insured by federal depository insurance, eligible collateral having a market value, at all times, equal to at least 102 percent of the amount of public deposits. Banking institutions are monitored by the State of Colorado Banking Commission and must report monthly on all public deposits held. Pledged collateral must be held in joint custody of the bank and of the Public Deposit Protection Act in a safekeeping account held by a third party, usually the Federal Reserve Bank. The pledged collateral cannot be released unless approval is obtained by the banking commission. Savings and Loan institutions are monitored by the State of Colorado Commissioner of Savings and Loan Associations and must report quarterly on all public deposits held. Pledged collateral, usually in the form of mortgages, must be held by a third party institution for the benefit of the commissioner.

Investments

Colorado state statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, obligations of any other U.S. agencies, obligations of the World Bank, general obligation bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, revenue bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, bankers' acceptance notes, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts. All investments must be held by the District, in their name, or in custody of a third party on behalf of the local government.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had \$1,107,240 invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. Colotrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED

A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to Colotrust in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of Colotrust. Substantially all securities owned by Colotrust are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by Colotrust. Colotrust funds carry a Standard & Poor's AAAM rating. There is no custodial, interest rate or foreign currency risk exposure. COLOTRUST operates like a 2a-7 external investment pool and investments in the pool are valued at \$1 net asset value (NAV) per share. The underlying investments held by Colotrust are valued at fair value.

A reconciliation of the carrying value of deposits and investments reported above to the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

Deposits	\$ 34,222
Investments	<u>1,107,240</u>
Total equity in pooled cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,141,462</u>

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance 12/31/21	Additions	Dispositions	Balance 12/31/22
Governmental activities				
Road system	\$ 1,025,345	\$ 60,353	\$ –	\$ 1,085,698
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(454,946)</u>	<u>(32,136)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(487,082)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 570,399</u>	<u>\$ 28,217</u>	<u>\$ –</u>	<u>\$ 598,616</u>
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 18,391	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 18,391
Land	<u>83,598</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>83,598</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	101,989	–	–	101,989
Capital assets being depreciated				
Water system	4,088,952	24,649	–	4,113,601
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,774,523)</u>	<u>(111,184)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(1,885,708)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>2,314,429</u>	<u>(86,536)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>2,227,893</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,416,418</u>	<u>\$ (86,536)</u>	<u>\$ –</u>	<u>\$ 2,329,882</u>

Depreciation expense for the governmental activities and business-type activities for 2022 was \$32,136 and \$111,184, respectively. All governmental activity depreciation is allocated to the general government function.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE D – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

During the normal course of business, the District may incur claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District and their legal representatives have disclosed that there are no material outstanding claims against the District at December 31, 2022.

NOTE E – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and general liability. The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Property and Liability Pool (“Pool”) for property and liability insurance.

The Pool was formed by an intergovernmental agreement to provide public officials, property, general and automobile liability coverage for claims up to \$1,000,000, except if the claim falls within the government immunity statute, then the coverage is \$150,000 per person and a \$600,000 aggregate claim. The Pool is reinsured for 80% of the first \$250,000 of all claims and 100% for claims in excess of \$250,000. The District may be required to make additional contributions in the event aggregate losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts. Any excess funds, which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. Any settled claims are not expected to exceed coverage. A summary of audited statutory basis financial information for the Pool as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 (latest information available) is as follows:

Assets	<u>\$ 69,212,177</u>
Liabilities	\$ 45,329,704
Capital and surplus	<u>23,882,473</u>
Total	<u>\$ 69,212,177</u>
Revenues	\$ 27,064,468
Investment income and other	<u>462,530</u>
Total revenue	<u>27,526,998</u>
Expenses	<u>25,447,966</u>
Excess of revenues over expenses	<u>\$ 2,079,032</u>

NOTE G – TABOR AMENDMENT

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer’s Bill of Rights (“TABOR”). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that of the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a new tax revenue gain to any local government. Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple fiscal year or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in future years.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE G – TABOR AMENDMENT - CONTINUED

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of the fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service) for fiscal years ended after December 31, 1994. At December 31, 2022, a reserve of \$7,094 was required for the General Fund and \$6,288 was required for the Enterprise (Water) Fund.

Under TABOR, the initial base for local government spending and revenue limits is December 31, 1992 fiscal year spending. The District's first year of operations ended December 31, 2003. Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal year spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue, if any, in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve retention of such revenue.

In 2000 the District's electorate voted to allow the District to collect, retain, and expend revenues notwithstanding any of TABOR's restrictions.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 296,508	\$ 296,509	\$ 1
Specific ownership taxes	7,413	10,579	3,166
Interest earnings	498	2,298	1,800
Miscellaneous income	5,000	5,000	-
Total revenues	309,419	314,386	4,967
Expenditures			
Management fees and office	14,928	15,262	(334)
Accounting and auditing	8,533	9,716	(1,183)
Engineering	750	-	750
Insurance	3,253	3,597	(344)
Legal	1,950	303	1,647
Repairs and maintenance	92,725	124,652	(31,927)
Treasurer fees	14,825	14,864	(39)
Miscellaneous	-	174	(174)
Contingency	17,258	-	17,258
Capital outlay	17,928	61,143	(43,215)
Total expenditures	172,150	229,711	(57,561)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	137,269	84,675	(52,594)
Fund balance, beginning	203,795	203,066	(729)
Fund balance, ending	\$ 341,064	\$ 287,741	\$ (53,323)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Operating revenues			
Water service charges	\$ 231,641	\$ 209,164	\$ (22,477)
Miscellaneous income	-	384	384
Total operating revenues	231,641	209,548	(22,093)
Operating expenses			
Operations and maintenance	298,563	297,297	1,266
Management fees and office	31,785	32,662	(877)
Accounting and auditing	20,981	22,671	(1,690)
Legal	4,550	902	3,648
Insurance	8,995	8,393	602
Engineering	4,000	-	4,000
Miscellaneous expenses	7,252	7,546	(294)
Contingency	48,592	-	48,592
Total operating expenses	424,718	369,471	55,247
Excess of operating revenues over (under) operating expenses	(193,077)	(159,923)	33,154
Nonoperating revenues			
Property taxes, less abatements	472,150	471,782	(368)
Specific ownership taxes	11,804	16,846	5,042
Interest income	580	19,399	18,819
Total nonoperating revenues	484,534	508,027	23,493
Nonoperating expenses			
Treasurer fees	23,608	23,650	(42)
Capital outlay	77,100	24,648	52,452
Total nonoperating expenses	100,708	48,298	52,410
Excess of revenues over (under) expenses	\$ 190,749	299,806	\$ 109,057
Adjustments to GAAP basis			
Depreciation and amortization		(111,184)	
Capital outlay (capitalized)		24,648	
Change in net position		\$ 213,270	

OTHER INFORMATION

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY
AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED

December 31, 2021

Calendar Year Ended December 31	Prior Year	Mills	Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied	
	Assessed Valuation for Current Year					
	Property Tax Levy		Levied	Collected		
General Fund						
2007	\$ 23,970,671	7.630	\$ 182,902	\$ 182,896	100.00%	
2008	27,104,380	6.951	188,403	188,382	99.99%	
2009	29,748,430	6.951	206,782	206,787	100.00%	
2010	47,852,030	4.305	206,003	200,450	97.30%	
2011	45,950,290	4.305	197,816	196,789	99.48%	
2012	32,806,970	4.305	141,235	141,234	99.99%	
2013	32,024,020	4.305	137,863	135,010	97.93%	
2014	32,728,180	4.305	140,895	140,336	99.60%	
2015	33,919,820	4.305	146,025	146,024	100.00%	
2016	31,651,330	5.305	167,910	167,910	100.00%	
2017	32,703,790	5.305	173,494	173,494	100.00%	
2018	34,450,070	5.305	182,758	182,758	100.00%	
2019	34,648,120	7.305	253,104	253,105	100.00%	
2020	41,416,500	6.778	280,721	280,940	100.00%	
2021	39,400,750	7.525	296,490	296,491	100.00%	
2022	46,401,980	6.390	296,508	296,509	100.00%	
2023	46,617,450	6.360	296,487			
Proprietary Fund						
2007	31,735,231	13.434	426,335	427,283	100.22%	
2008	40,992,790	10.594	434,278	434,252	99.99%	
2009	41,761,950	10.594	442,426	442,426	100.00%	
2010	58,476,600	7.573	442,843	438,229	98.96%	
2011	57,608,370	7.573	436,266	420,905	96.48%	
2012	40,619,120	9.900	402,129	393,516	97.86%	
2013	37,689,410	9.900	373,125	371,943	99.68%	
2014	38,859,520	9.900	384,709	384,709	100.00%	
2015	39,843,390	9.900	394,450	393,977	99.88%	
2016	41,969,350	9.900	415,497	414,750	99.82%	
2017	42,960,980	9.900	425,313	425,313	100.00%	
2018	42,490,320	9.900	420,655	419,093	99.63%	
2019	42,800,670	9.900	423,726	422,166	99.63%	
2020	46,494,650	9.547	443,885	442,732	99.74%	
2021	44,858,460	10.525	472,135	472,135	100.00%	
2022	52,718,760	8.958	472,150	471,894	99.79%	
2023	52,395,550	9.011	472,136			

Note:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.